









Oncologic Emergencies! True, Perceived Emergencies Well Rehearsed Team Approach Empower Client Support Team Enable Your Nurses/Techs Establish, Practice Protocols Equip, Organize, Engage

Oncologic Emergencies!

- ***True, Perceived Emergencies**
 - >Well Rehearsed Team Approach
 - -Patient: ABCD's
 - -Client: Compassionate
 Emotional Support, Education,
 Communication









Rules of Feline Transfusions

- L. Asymptomatic Patients do Not Need a Transfusion
- 2. There is No PCV Below Which Requires a Transfusion
- 3. Prepare to Ignore Rules 1 & 2



Rules of Feline Transfusions

- 4. Don't Hang a Blood Product for More than 4 Hours
- 5. If you Spike it, You have 24 Hours to Use It
- 6. Always Blood Type Cats.
- 7. Diphenhydramine,Dexamethasone prn



Question!

- *There are three blood types: A, AB, and B. Which of the following is correct about blood type?
 - ▶1. A blood can be given to AB cats
 - >2. A blood can be given to B cats
 - >3. AB blood can be given to A cats
 - ▶4. B blood can be given to A cats

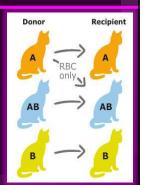
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Rules of Feline Transfusions

- Most cat recipients in Denmark are Group A
 - Group A is the safest to use for transfusions.
 - ➤ Group B blood should be given only to Group B recipients
 - >Group AB blood is rare.

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Rules of Feline Transfusions

- *Amount (ml) to Transfuse
 - $[(2.2 \times wt_{kg}) \times 30] \times [(PCV_{desired} PCV_{recipient}) / PCV_{donor}]$
 - >2.2 ml/kg of whole blood or 1 ml/kg of packed RBCs raises PCV 1%
- Maximum Rate of Transfusion
 - >40 ml/30 min, close patient monitoring



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Rules of Feline Transfusions

- 8. Warm the Blood Before Giving It.
- 9. 0.9% NaCL is the ONLY Fluid Given Thru the Same Line



Blood Component Therapy

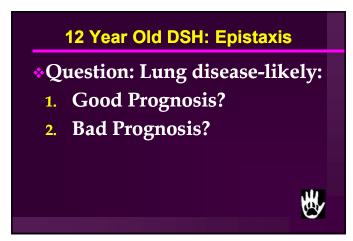
Anemia - hemolytic PRBCs
Anemia - blood loss Whole blood
Rodenticide poisoning FFP +/- PRBCs

DIC FFP Liver disease/coagulopathy FFP

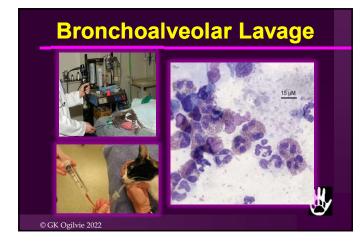
Thrombocytopenia Fresh whole blood









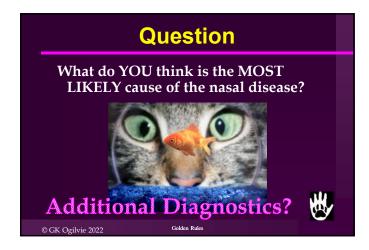






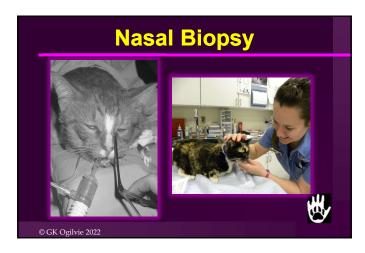


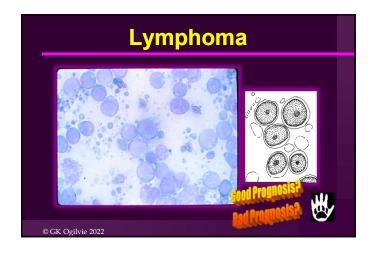














Vet Radiol Ultrasound.
2007;48(4):388-93.

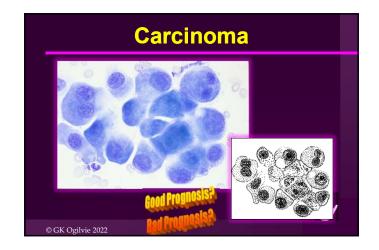
*Response of cats with nasal lymphoma to radiation therapy and chemotherapy.

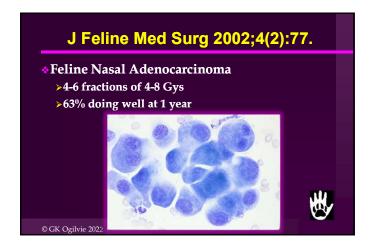
>Stage I nasal lymphoma

- 42 Gy + 6 months of chemo

>Median progression-free interval: 945 days (31 months).

>Median survival time: 955 days (31.4 months)



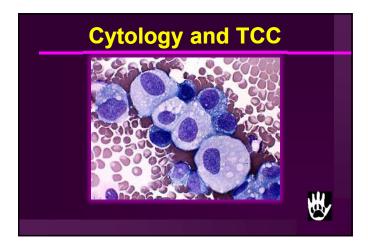




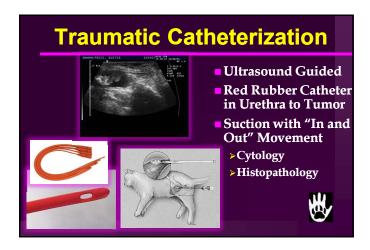
11 yr old CM DSH

- History of hematuria, stranguria unresponsive to antibiotics: 4 months duration
 - >CBC, Biochem, UA, FeLV, Chest Rads: WNL.
- >UA: Pyuria, culture negative Differentials? Diagnostics?

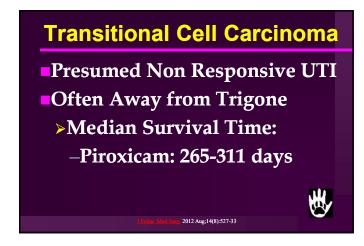












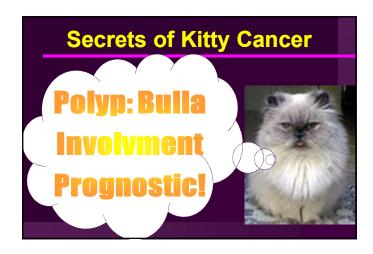






















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